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Total no of pages :2  
Total No.of Questions:09B. Tech (Sem.3<sup>rd</sup>)

ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-III

Subject Code :BTAM-301

Paper ID : [ A1128 ]

Time: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks :60

**Note:-** (1) Section-A is compulsory all question attempts, Consisting of Ten short answer type question carrying Two marks each.

(2) Attempt any Four question is Section-B. each question carrying Five marks.

(3) Attempt any Two question is Section-C. each question carrying Ten marks.

## SECTION-A

- Q1. (a) Explain Euler's formula for finding Fourier series for the function  $f(x)$  over the  $(2 \times 10 = 20)$  interval  $-\pi \leq x \leq \pi$ ,
- (b) Discuss whether  $\operatorname{cosec} x$  can be expanded in the fourier series in 'the interval  $-\pi \leq x \leq \pi$ ?
- (c) State and prove First shifting theorem of finding Laplace transform.
- (d) Find Laplace transform of  $e^{-2t} \int_0^t \frac{\sin t}{t} dt$
- (e) Write down the expression for generating function of Bassel's function.  $J_n(x)$ ,  $n$  +  $w$  integer.
- (f) Find the solution of  $x \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + y = 0$  in terms of Bessel's function.
- (g) Form the Partial Differential by eliminating arbitrary function from  $z = f_1(x) f_2(y)$
- (h) Solve the Partial Differential equation  $P \tan x - \tan y q = \tan z$ , Where  $p = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ ,  $q = \frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$
- (i) Show that  $f(z) = \cosh z$  is analytic.
- (j) Find the bilinear transformation that map the points  $z = 0, -i, -1$  into the points  $w = i, 1, 0$

**SECTION-B**

(4x5=20)

Q2. Find the Half range Fourier cosine series of the function

$$f(x)=(x-1)^2, 0 \leq x \leq 1 \text{ Also deduce that}$$

$$\frac{\pi^2}{6} = \frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \dots$$

Q3. Using method of Laplace Transform, Solve the following Differential equation

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 9x = \cos 2t, \quad x(0)=1, x(\pi/2)=-1$$

Q4. Solve the homogeneous partial differential equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} - 3 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = e^{2x+3y} + \sin(x-2y)$$

Q5. Prove that  $\frac{d}{dx} [x^n J_n(x)] = x^n J_{n-1}(x)$

Q6. Find the analytic function whose imaginary part is  $\sinh x \cos y$ .

**SECTION-C**

(10x2=20)

Q7. Find series solution of the differential equation  $x(2+x^2) \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - \frac{dy}{dx} - 6xy = 0$

Q8. A homogeneous rod of conducting material of length 1 cm has its ends kept at zero temperature and the temperature initially is

$$u(x,0) = 3 \sin \pi x, \text{ Find the temperature } u(x,t) \text{ at any time.}$$

Q9. (a) Expand  $\frac{1}{(z+1)(z+3)}$  in Laurent series in the interval  $1 < |z| < 3$

(b) Evaluate  $\int_C \frac{z+1}{z^4-2z^3} dz$  where C is the circle  $|z| = 1/2$

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